

# Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' General Meetings of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.

(Amended in 2014)

# **General Provisions**

Rule 1 In order to protect the lawful interests of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. (the "Bank"), its shareholders and creditors and regulate the organisation and acts of the shareholders' general meetings of the Bank, the Bank has formulated these rules of procedures (the "Rules") according to the "Company Law of the People's Republic of China" (the "Company Law"), the "Commercial Banking Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Rules of General Meetings Convened by Shareholders of Listed Companies" promulgated by China Securities Regulatory Commission, the "Mandatory Provisions of the Articles of Association of Companies Listed Overseas", the "Guidelines for Articles of Association of Listed Companies (2006 Revision)" and other pertinent laws, regulations and normative documents as well as the "Articles of Association of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd." (the "Articles").

## Chapter 1 General Provisions of the Shareholders' General Meeting

- Rule 2 The shareholders' general meeting is the organ of power of the Bank and shall exercise its powers according to law.
- Rule 3 The shareholders' general meeting shall exercise the following powers:
  - (1) deciding on the business policies and investment plans of the Bank;
  - (2) electing and replacing directors and deciding on matters concerning their remunerations;
  - (3) electing and replacing supervisors not appointed from staff representatives, and deciding on matters concerning supervisors' remuneration;
  - (4) examining and approving reports of the Board of Directors;
  - (5) examining and approving reports of the Board of Supervisors;
  - (6) examining and approving the Bank's annual financial budget and final account proposals;
  - (7) examining and approving the Bank's plans for profit distribution and loss make-up;
  - (8) examining proposals on changes in the use of proceeds;
  - (9) adopting resolutions on the increase or reduction of the Bank's registered capital;
  - (10) adopting resolutions on plans for issuance of bonds of the Bank;
  - (11) adopting resolutions on matters such as merger, division, dissolution, liquidation and change of corporate form of the Bank;
  - (12) amending the Articles of the Bank;

Please note that these Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' General Meetings are written in Chinese without an official English version. This English version is for reference only. In case of any inconsistency, the Chinese version shall prevail.



- (13) adopting resolutions on the engagement or removal or discontinuation of engagement of accounting firms by the Bank;
- (14) examining proposals put forward by the shareholders who individually or jointly hold more than 3% of the total issued voting shares of the Bank;
- (15) examining proposals on matters relating to the purchase or sale by the Bank of material assets exceeding 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Bank within one year;
- (16) examining share incentive plans;
- (17) examining and approving other issues that shall be approved by the shareholders' general meeting as stipulated by laws, regulations and the Articles of the Bank.
- Rule 4 There are two types of shareholders' general meeting: annual general meeting and extraordinary general meeting. The annual general meeting shall be held once a year within six months after the end of the previous accounting year. If, for any special reasons, a shareholders' general meeting is postponed, a report setting out the reasons for such postponement shall be timely issued to the banking regulatory authority of the State Council and the securities regulatory authority in the jurisdictions where the shares of the Bank are listed, and shall also be published.

An extraordinary general meeting shall be convened within two months from the date of occurrence of any of the following events:

- (1) the number of directors is less than the minimum quorum stipulated in the Company Law or less than two-thirds of the number stipulated in the Articles of the Bank;
- (2) the unrecovered loss of the Bank amounts to one-third of the Bank's total paid-in share capital;
- (3) upon request in writing by shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 10% of the Bank's shares with voting rights;
- (4) the Board of Directors may deems necessary;
- (5) upon the request by the Board of Supervisors;
- (6) other circumstances stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles of the Bank.

The number of shares held referred to in (3) above shall be calculated on the date when the shareholders put forward a written request.

Rule 5 The place for convening a shareholders' general meeting shall be the registered office of the Bank.

The Bank shall arrange for a venue and the meeting shall be held in the form of on-the-spot meeting. The Bank may provide facilities to the shareholders attending the shareholders' general meeting by adopting safe, economic and expedient networks or other methods. Shareholders attending the meeting by way of the above methods shall be deemed as to have attended the meeting.



## Chapter 2 Convening of a Shareholders' General Meeting

- Rule 6 The Board of Directors shall convene a shareholders' general meeting according to the provisions of the Articles.
- Rule 7 Independent directors shall have the right to propose to the Board of Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting. As regards the proposal of independent directors in relation to convening an extraordinary general meeting, the Board of Directors shall give written replies on whether it agrees or disagrees to the convening of the extraordinary general meeting within 10 days after receiving the proposal according to the provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.

If the Board of Directors agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a notice on convening the shareholders' general meeting within 5 days after passing of the board resolution. However, if otherwise prescribed in laws, regulations, rules and regulations of local securities regulatory authorities where shares of the Bank are listed, relevant provisions shall be observed. If the Board of Directors does not agree to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall state the reason and publish an announcement.

Rule 8 The Board of Supervisors shall have the right to propose in writing to the Board of Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting. The Board of Directors shall give written replies on whether it agrees or disagrees to the convening of the extraordinary general meeting within 10 days after receiving the proposal according to the provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.

If the Board of Directors agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a notice on convening the shareholders' general meeting within 5 days after passing the board resolution. Changes to the original proposal as stated in the notice shall obtain the consent of the Board of Supervisors. However, if otherwise prescribed in laws, regulations, rules and regulations of local securities regulatory authorities where shares of the Bank are listed, relevant provisions shall be observed.

If the Board of Directors does not agree to convene an extraordinary general meeting or it does not reply within 10 days after receiving the proposal, it shall be deemed that the Board of Directors cannot perform or has failed to perform the duties to convene a shareholders' general meeting and the Board of Supervisors may convene and preside over the meeting.

- Rule 9 The following procedures shall be complied with when shareholders who request to convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting:
  - (1) two or more shareholders holding more than 10% of the voting shares at the proposed meeting may sign one or several same written requests proposing to the Board of Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting and stating the subjects to be considered at the meeting. The number of shares held referred to above shall be calculated on the date the shareholders submit their written request(s). The Board of Directors shall give written replies as to whether it agrees or disagrees to the convening of the extraordinary general meeting or class meeting within 10 days after receiving the request(s) according to the provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.



If the Board of Directors agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting, it shall issue a notice on convening the shareholders' general meeting or class meeting within 5 days after passing the board resolution. Any changes to the original proposal as stated in the notice shall be approved by the relevant shareholders. However, if otherwise prescribed in laws, regulations, rules and regulations of local securities regulatory authorities where shares of the Bank are listed, relevant provisions shall be observed.

(2) If the Board of Directors does not agree to convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting or it does not reply within 10 days after receiving the request(s), shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 10% of the voting shares at the proposed meeting shall have the right to propose in writing to the Board of Supervisors to convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting and a written request shall be made to the Board of Supervisors.

If the Board of Supervisors agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting, it shall issue a notice to convene the extraordinary general meeting or class meeting within 5 days after receiving the request. Any changes to the original request as stated in the notice shall be approved by the relevant shareholders. However, if otherwise prescribed in laws, regulations, rules and regulations of local securities regulatory authorities where shares of the Bank are listed, relevant provisions shall be observed.

If the Board of Supervisors fails to give the notice of the general meeting or class meeting within the specified time limit, it shall be deemed as not convening or presiding over the meeting, in which case, the shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 10% of the shares of the Bank (such shares shall have voting rights at such proposed meeting) for more than 90 consecutive days may convene and preside over the meeting on their own.

Reasonable expenses incurred from the aforesaid case where shareholders convene the meeting by themselves due to the failure of the Board of Directors or the Board of Supervisors to convene the meeting shall be borne by the Bank, and the same shall be deducted from the payment to those directors or supervisors who failed to perform their duties.

Rule 10 If the Board of Supervisors or shareholders decide(s) to convene a shareholders' general meeting on their own, a written notice shall be sent to the Board of Directors and filed with the banking regulatory organ of the State Council and the securities regulatory organ of the State Council in the place where the Bank is situated and the relevant stock exchange. Prior to publication of the announcement on the resolutions passed at the shareholders' general meeting, the shareholding ratio of the shareholders convening the meeting shall not be less than 10%.

When issuing the notice of shareholders' general meeting and the announcement on the resolutions passed at the shareholders' general meeting, the shareholders convening the meeting shall submit the relevant evidence materials to the securities regulatory organ of the State Council in the place where the Bank is situated and the relevant stock exchanges.

Rule 11 If the Board of Supervisors or shareholders convene(s) a shareholders' general meeting on their own, the Board of Directors and the secretary of the Board of Directors shall cooperate accordingly. The Board of Directors shall provide the register of shareholders as at the date of the shareholding registration date. If the Board of Supervisors or shareholders convene(s) a shareholders' general meeting on their own, the necessary expenses shall be borne by the Bank.



#### Chapter 3 Proposals and Notices of a Shareholders' general Meeting

- Rule 12 The contents of the proposal shall be within the scope of authority for the shareholders' general meeting, shall have definite subjects for discussion and specific matters for resolution and shall comply with the relevant provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.
- Rule 13 The nomination and election of directors shall comply with the following requirements:
  - (1) the candidates for directors may be nominated by the Nomination Committee of the Board of Directors in accordance with the number of proposed candidates for directors within the number of members of the Board of Directors stipulated by the Articles of Associations of the Bank; the candidates for directors may also be nominated to the Board of Directors by the shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 3 percent of the total number of the Bank's issued and outstanding shares carrying voting rights.
  - (2) the Nomination Committee of the Board of Directors shall conduct preliminary verification on the qualification and conditions of appointment of the candidates for directors, and propose the qualified candidates to the Board of Directors for consideration; and propose them to the shareholders' general meeting by way of written resolutions after they are considered and approved by the Board of Directors.
  - (3) the candidates for directors shall, before the convening of the shareholders' general meeting, make written undertakings, express their consent to their nomination, confirm the truthfulness and completeness of their publicly disclosed information and undertake that they will duly perform their duties upon election.
  - (4) the Board of Directors, before the convening of the shareholders' general meeting, shall disclose the detailed information on the candidates for directors to all the shareholders of the Bank in accordance with the laws, regulations and the Articles of Association of the Bank, so as to ensure that the shareholders will have sufficient knowledge on the candidates when casting their votes.
  - (5) when an additional director shall be temporarily nominated, the Nomination Committee of the Board of Directors or the shareholders satisfying the conditions for making such nomination may propose a candidate to the Board of Directors for consideration, and to the shareholders' general meeting for election or replacement.
  - (6) the identical shareholder and his/her/its associates shall not nominate a candidate for a director and another candidate for a supervisor at the shareholders' general meeting; if the candidate for a director (supervisor) nominated by the identical shareholder and his/her/its associates has already served as a director (supervisor), the shareholder shall not nominate the candidate for supervisor (director) prior to the expiry of the term of office and the replacement of such person. The number of directors nominated by the identical shareholder and his/her/its associates in principle shall not exceed one third of the total number of the members of the Board of Directors, unless otherwise authorized by the State.

The process of nomination and election of shareholder supervisors and external supervisors of the Bank shall make reference to the process of nomination and election of directors and independent directors set out in the Articles of Association of the Bank. Shareholder supervisors and external supervisors of the Bank shall be elected, removed and replaced by the shareholders' general meeting of the Bank; employee supervisors shall be nominated by the Board of Supervisors and the Labour Union of the Bank, and elected, removed and replaced by the staff representative meeting, the staff meeting or other democratic processes.

Rule 14 When the Bank convenes a shareholders' general meeting, a written notice shall be issued 45 days prior to the meeting to all the shareholders whose names are recorded on the register stating therein the matters proposed to be considered at the general meeting as well as the time and venue of the meeting. Shareholders intending to attend the shareholders' general meeting shall send a written reply to the Bank 20 days before the meeting is convened.



Rule 15 If the Bank convenes a shareholders' general meeting, the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors and the shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 3% of the total issued voting shares of the Bank shall have the right to submit new proposals in writing to the Bank. If the contents of the proposal fall within the scope of authority of the shareholders' general meeting, the same shall be included in the agenda of such meeting.

Shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 3% of the total issued voting shares of the Bank may submit interim proposals in writing to the Bank within 15 working days before convening the shareholders' general meeting and submit the same to the convenor. The convenor shall issue a supplemental notice to the shareholders' general meeting and announce the contents of the interim proposal within 2 working days after receiving the proposal.

Except for those stipulated in the preceding paragraphs, the convenor shall not amend the proposals stated in the notice of shareholders' general meeting or include new proposals after the notice of the shareholders' general meeting has been issued.

Any proposals which are not stated in the notice of shareholders' general meeting or not in compliance with the provisions of Rule 12 of these Rules shall not be voted and passed as resolutions at the shareholders' general meeting.

- Rule 16 The Bank shall calculate the number of voting shares represented by the shareholders intending to attend the shareholders' general meeting in accordance with the written replies received 20 days prior to the shareholders' general meeting. Where the number of voting shares held by shareholders intending to attend the shareholders' general meeting reaches more than one half of the total number of voting shares of the Bank, the meeting may be held. Where such number of voting shares is not reached, the Bank shall issue an announcement to notify the shareholders of the meeting within the next 5 days. The Bank may convene the shareholders' general meeting after such announcement has been made. Such announcement shall be published in newspapers designated by the relevant requirements.
- Rule 17 The notice of the shareholders' general meeting shall satisfy the following conditions:
  - (1) be in writing;
  - (2) specifying the venue, date and time and duration of the meeting;
  - (3) describing the matters to be discussed at the meeting;
  - (4) providing the information and explanations necessary for shareholders to make informed decisions regarding the matters to be discussed, including (but are not limited to) specific terms and contract (if any) of a proposed transaction and a detailed explanation of the causes and consequences where the Bank proposes a merger, repurchase of shares, capital reorganisation or other form of restructuring;
  - (5) where any director(s), supervisor(s), president and other senior management member(s) has/have a material interest in the matters to be discussed, then the nature and extent of that interest shall be disclosed. If the impact of the matters to be discussed on such director(s), supervisor(s), president and other senior management member(s) who are shareholders is different from the impact on other shareholders of the same class, that difference shall be illustrated;
  - (6) containing the full text of any special resolution(s) proposed to be passed at the shareholders' general meeting;



- (7) providing a clear description stating that the shareholders having the right to attend and vote at the shareholders' general meeting shall have the right to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote on their behalf and such proxy needs not be a shareholder of the Bank;
- (8) setting out the deadline and address for the delivery of proxy form for the shareholders' general meeting;
- (9) the shareholding registration date for shareholders who have the right to attend the shareholders' general meeting;
- (10) name and telephone number of the contact person in relation to the shareholders' general meeting;
- (11) the time and procedures for voting through internet or by other methods shall be clarified in the notice of convening the shareholders' general meeting if any shareholders attend the shareholders' general meeting through internet or by another methods.
- Rule 18 If the matters relating to the election of directors and supervisors are proposed to be discussed at a shareholders' general meeting, the notice of the shareholders' general meeting shall fully disclose details of the candidates for directors and supervisors which shall include inclusion of at least the following:
  - (1) personal particulars including education background, working experience, part-time jobs etc;
  - (2) any connected relationship with the Bank or the controlling shareholders and de facto controllers of the Bank;
  - (3) disclosure of the number of shares of the Bank held by him/her;
  - (4) whether he/she was subject to any punishment or enforcement action by the securities regulatory authorities of the PRC, other relevant departments and the stock exchange;

Except adopting the cumulative voting system to elect directors or supervisors, the proposal on each candidate for directors or supervisors shall be put forward and voted individually.

Rule 19 The notice of the shareholders' general meeting shall be delivered by hand or prepaid post to all the shareholders (whether or not such shareholders have a voting right at the shareholders' general meeting). The address of the receiving party shall be the address recorded in the register of shareholders. For domestic shareholders, the delivery of the notice of shareholders' general meeting may also be made by way of announcement. For holders of overseas-listed foreign-invested shares, notice of the shareholders' general meeting, shareholders' circulars and relevant documents may be issued on the website of the Bank and the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange provided that the requirements of laws, administrative regulations, and the listing rules of the jurisdictions where the shares of the Bank are listed are complied with.

Announcements referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be published on one or more newspapers designated by the securities regulatory organ of the State Council within 45 to 50 days before the meeting. All shareholders of domestic shares shall be deemed as having received that notice of shareholders' general meeting upon the publication of that announcement.

Rule 20 The shareholders' general meeting and the resolutions of the meeting shall not become void even if there has been any accidental omission to deliver the notice of shareholders' general meeting to a person having the right to receive the notice or that such person fails to receive the notice.



Rule 21 After issuing the notice of the shareholders' general meeting, the shareholders' general meeting shall not be postponed or cancelled and the proposals stated in the notice of shareholders' general meeting shall not be cancelled without any justified reasons. In the event of any postponement or cancellation, the convenor shall publish another announcement stating therein the reasons at least 2 working days prior to the original date of the meeting.

# Chapter 4 Convening of the Shareholders' General Meeting

- Rule 22 The Bank's Board of Directors and other convenors shall adopt necessary measures to warrant the normal order of the shareholders' general meeting. Any act which intervenes the shareholders' general meeting, causes trouble and affects the lawful interests of shareholders shall be prohibited by adopting the necessary measures and the same shall be reported on a timely basis to the relevant department for inspection and punishment.
- Rule 23 All shareholders recorded in the register on the record date shall have the right to attend the shareholders' general meetings and exercise the rights to vote in accordance with relevant laws, regulations and the Articles of Association. Shareholders may attend a shareholders' general meeting in person, and may also appoint a proxy to attend and vote on their behalf.

Any shareholder who has the right to attend and vote at a shareholders' general meeting shall have the right to appoint one or more persons (not necessarily a shareholder) as his/ her proxy to attend the meeting and vote on his/her behalf. Such proxy may exercise the following rights in accordance with the shareholder's authorisation:

- (1) such shareholder's right of speech at the shareholders' general meeting;
- (2) the right to vote.

In the event that a shareholder is a recognized clearing house (as defined in the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) (or its nominee(s)), it may, as it sees fit, appoint one or more persons as its proxy to attend and vote at any shareholders' general meeting or class meeting. However, in the event that more than one person is so appointed, the proxy form shall specify the number and class of the shares relating to each of such proxies. Such proxy may exercise the rights of such recognized clearing house (or its nominee(s)) on its behalf in the same manner as if it were an individual shareholder of the Bank.

- Rule 24 A shareholder shall appoint a proxy by a proxy form, which must be signed by the appointer or his/her attorney duly authorised in writing. If the appointer is a corporation, the document shall be executed under its company's seal or signed by duly authorized representative(s).
- Rule 25 If a shareholder attends the meeting in person, he/she shall produce his/her own identity card or other valid documents or evidence to prove his/her identity and shareholding evidence. If a shareholder appoints a proxy to attend the meeting, the proxy shall produce his/her own valid identification documents and the shareholder's power of attorney and shareholding evidence.

Corporate shareholders shall attend the meeting by legal representatives or proxies appointed by legal representatives. If a legal representative attends the meeting, he/she shall produce his/her own identity card or other valid documents evidencing his/her capacity of legal representative and shareholding evidence; if a proxy is appointed to attend the meeting, the proxy shall produce his/her own identity card and the legal representatives of corporate shareholders shall produce the written power of attorney according to law and shareholding evidence.



- Rule 26 The form of proxy appointing another person to attend a shareholders' general meeting produced by a shareholder shall state the following:
  - (1) name of the appointor and its proxy;
  - (2) the number of shares held by the appointor for whom the proxy represents;
  - (3) whether he/she has the voting right;
  - (4) instructions as to vote for or vote against or abstain from voting in relation to each matter on the agenda to be examined at the shareholders' general meeting;
  - (5) issuing date and validity period of the proxy form;
  - (6) signature (or chop) of the appointor. If the appointor is a domestic corporate shareholder, the corporation's seal shall be affixed.
- Rule 27 Proxy forms provided by the Board of Directors of the Bank or the convenor to the shareholders in relation to appointing proxies shall provide that shareholders shall be free to elect and instruct a proxy to vote for or against accordingly and give separate instructions on each matter to be voted in relation to each subject for discussion. The proxy form shall state that if the shareholder does not give any instruction, the proxy may vote at his/her discretion.
- Rule 28 The proxy form for voting shall be placed at the registered office of the Bank or other places designated in the notice of meeting twenty-four hours before the time appointed for convening the meeting to discuss the relevant matter(s) or twenty-four hours before the time designated for voting. If the proxy form is signed by a person authorized by the appointor, the power of attorney to sign the proxy form or other authorization documents shall be notarized. The power of attorney or other authorization documents notarized together with the proxy forms for voting shall be placed at the registered office of the Bank or other places designated in the meeting notice.

If the appointor is a corporation, it shall be represented by its legal representative or a person authorised by its Board of Directors by resolutions or by its policy-making body at the shareholders' general meeting of the Bank.

- Rule 29 The register of the persons attending the meeting shall be prepared by the Bank. The register shall set out the names of the persons attending the meeting (or names of the entity he/ she is from), their identity card numbers, residential addresses, numbers of shares held or representing voting rights, names of the proxied (or names of the entity he/she is from).
- Rule 30 If, before voting, the entrusting party passed away, lost his/her ability to act, withdrew the entrustment, withdrew the authorization on the proxy form or transferred all his/her shares, the vote cast by the proxy in accordance with the proxy form shall remain valid so long as the Bank has not received any written notice regarding such matters before the commencement of relevant meeting.
- Rule 31 The convenor and the lawyers appointed by the Bank shall jointly verify the legality of the shareholders' qualifications according to the shareholder register provided by the securities registration and clearing service provider and register the names of the shareholders and the number of shares held by them with voting rights. Registration of shareholders attending the meeting shall terminate before the chairperson of the meeting announces the number of persons and proxies attending the meeting on the spot and the total number of shares with voting rights.



- Rule 32 At the time of convening the shareholders' general meeting, all the directors and supervisors, the secretary of the Board of Directors and the lawyers appointed by the Bank shall attend the meeting. The president and other senior management members shall attend the meeting as non-voting delegates. The lawyers shall issue legal opinions on the legality of the procedures for convening the shareholders' general meetings, the qualification of shareholders to attend the shareholders' general meetings and the resolutions to be presented for voting at the shareholders' general meetings.
- Rule 33 The shareholders' general meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors according to laws and shall be presided over by the chairman who will act as chairman of the meeting. If the chairman is unable to perform his/her duties or fails to perform his/her duties, the meeting shall be presided over by the deputy chairman (if the Bank has two or more than two deputy chairmen, by the deputy chairman jointly chosen by more than half of the directors). If the chairman or the deputy chairman is unable to perform his/her duties, a director jointly chosen by more than half of the directors shall preside over the meeting and act as chairman of the meeting.

If a shareholders' general meeting is convened by the Board of Supervisors, the meeting shall be presided over and chaired by the chairman of the Board of Supervisors. If the chairman of the Board of Supervisors is unable to perform its duties or fails to perform his/ her duties, a supervisor jointly chosen by more than half the supervisors shall preside over the meeting and act as chairman of the meeting.

If a shareholders' general meeting is convened by the shareholders, the convenor shall choose a representative to preside over and chair the meeting.

During the shareholders' general meeting, if the chairperson of the meeting violates the rules of procedures such that the shareholders' general meeting cannot proceed, a person shall be elected to act as chairman of the meeting and the meeting can proceed upon obtaining the consent of more than one half of the shareholders with voting rights attending the shareholders' general meeting.

- Rule 34 At the annual general meeting, the Board of Directors and the Board of Supervisors shall submit their work reports for the previous year to the shareholders' general meeting. Each independent director shall also submit his/her work report.
- Rule 35 The directors, supervisors and senior management members shall make explanation and clarification to the shareholders' queries and suggestions at the shareholders' general meeting.
- Rule 36 Before voting, the chairperson of the meeting shall announce the number of shareholders and proxies attending the meeting in person and the total number of shares held with voting rights. The number of shareholders and proxies attending the meeting in person and the total number of shares held with voting rights recorded on the meeting register shall prevail.
- Rule 37 Minutes of the shareholders' general meeting shall be taken by the secretary of the Board of Directors. The minutes shall include the following:
  - (1) time, place and agenda of the meeting and the name of the convenor;
  - (2) names of the chairperson of the meeting and the directors, supervisors, the president and other senior management members of the Bank attending the meeting or attending as non-voting delegates;
  - (3) number of voting shares held by shareholders of domestic shares (including proxies) and shareholders of overseas listed foreign shares (including proxies) attending the meeting and the proportion to the total number of shares of the Bank;
  - (4) the course of examination of each proposal, abstract of speech and voting results of each proposals by the shareholders of domestic shares and shareholders of overseas listed foreign shares;



- (5) queries or suggestions of the shareholders and the corresponding replies and explanations;
- (6) names of the lawyers, the vote-counter and the scrutineer(s);
- (7) other contents which should be set out in the minutes as stipulated in the Articles.
- Rule 38 The convener shall warrant that the contents of the minutes are true, accurate and complete. The directors, supervisors, secretary of the Board of Directors, convener or their representatives and the chairperson of the meeting shall sign the minutes. The minutes shall be kept together with the signature register of shareholders attending the meeting in person and proxy forms and valid materials relating to voting through internet or otherwise for a period of not less than 10 years.
- Rule 39 The convener shall warrant that the shareholders' general meeting will proceed continuously until the conclusion of the final resolution. If a shareholders' general meeting is suspended or no resolution is made due to special reasons including force majeure, necessary measures shall be adopted in order to resume the shareholders' general meeting as soon as practicable or directly adjourn the meeting and make an announcement in a timely manner. At the same time, the convener shall submit a report to a branch of the securities regulatory authorities of the State Council of the jurisdiction where the Bank is situated and the relevant stock exchange.

## Chapter 5 Voting and Resolutions at Shareholders' General Meeting

- Rule 40 Shareholders (including their proxies) shall exercise their voting rights according to the number of shares held with voting rights. Each share shall have one voting right. The shares of the Bank held by the Bank do not have any voting right and such shares shall not be counted in the total number of shares with voting rights at the shareholders' general meeting.
- Rule 41 Resolutions of shareholders' general meetings shall be divided into ordinary resolutions and special resolutions.

An ordinary resolution shall be passed by votes representing more than one-half of the voting rights held by the shareholders (including proxies) present at the meeting.

A special resolution shall be passed by votes representing more than two-thirds of the voting rights held by the shareholders (including proxies) present at the meeting.

- Rule 42 The following matters shall be resolved by an ordinary resolution at a shareholders' general meeting:
  - (1) work reports of the Board of Directors and Board of Supervisors;
  - (2) profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans formulated by the Board of Directors;
  - (3) removal of any member of the Board of Directors and Board of Supervisors, their remuneration and manner of payment;
  - (4) annual budgets, final accounts, balance sheets, income statements and other financial statements of the Bank;
  - (5) annual report of the Bank;
  - (6) matters other than those which are required by laws and administrative regulations or the Articles to be resolved by a special resolution.



- Rule 43 The following matters shall be resolved by a special resolution at a shareholders' general meeting:
  - (1) increase or reduction in registered capital of the Bank and issuance of any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities;
  - (2) issuance of bonds of the Bank;
  - (3) division, merger, change of the corporate form, dissolution and liquidation of the Bank;
  - (4) amendment of the Articles;
  - (5) share incentive scheme;
  - (6) any material acquisition or disposal of assets by the Bank or the guarantee within one year the amount of which shall exceed 30% of the Bank's total audited assets for the latest financial period;
  - (7) any other matters stipulated by the Articles which are considered to have a material impact on the Bank if passed by way of an ordinary resolution and should thus be adopted by way of a special resolution.
- Rule 44 The Board of Directors, independent directors and qualified shareholders under relevant requirements may collect voting rights of the shareholders at the shareholders' general meeting. The collection of voting rights shall be done without compensation and information shall be fully disclosed to the persons from whom voting rights are collected.
- Rule 45 Unless approved by a special resolution at a shareholders' general meeting, the Bank shall not enter into any contract with any person other than the director, president or other senior management members pursuant to which the entire management or the Bank's business of any significance shall be vested to such person.
- Rule 46 When a shareholders' general meeting examines related-party transactions, the interestrelated shareholders shall not participate in voting and the number of shares with voting rights represented by them shall not be counted in the total number of valid votes; the voting result announcement of the shareholders' general meeting shall fully disclose the voting by unrelated shareholders. If there are special circumstances under which the interest-related shareholders are unable to abstain from voting, the Bank may, after obtaining consent of the relevant department, conduct voting according to the normal procedures and shall explain in details in the voting result announcement of shareholders' general meeting. The relevant announcement shall be published in newspapers in compliance with the relevant stipulations.

If, pursuant to the Company Law or the provisions of other laws and administrative regulations or the Listing Rules, any shareholder(s) has/have to abstain from voting on or is/are restricted to only vote for or against any individual proposal, any votes cast by such shareholders (or their proxies) violating the relevant stipulation or restriction shall not be counted in the total number of valid votes.

Rule 47 The Bank shall warrant that, on the premises of the legality and validity of the shareholders' general meeting, it shall provide facilities to the shareholders attending the shareholders' general meeting with various means and channels including modern information technology such as online voting platform.



Rule 48 The list of candidates for directors and supervisors shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting as a proposal for voting.

When taking a poll in respect of the election of directors or supervisors at the shareholders' general meeting, the cumulative voting system shall be adopted according to the provisions of the Articles or resolutions of shareholders' general meetings.

The cumulative voting system referred to in the preceding article means at the shareholders' general meeting where directors or supervisors are elected, each share shall have the same number of voting rights as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected. Shareholders' voting rights may be used collectively. The Board of Directors shall announce the biographies and basic particulars of the candidates for directors or supervisors.

- Rule 49 Other than the cumulative voting system, all proposals shall be voted one by one at the shareholders' general meeting. If there are different proposals in relation to the same matter, the proposals shall be voted in sequence of the time of submission of the proposals. Unless the shareholders' general meeting is suspended or that a resolution cannot be made due to special reasons including force majeure, the shareholders' general meeting shall not put off the proposals or refuse to vote on the proposals.
- Rule 50 When the proposals are being examined at the shareholders' general meeting, the proposals shall not be amended; otherwise, the amended proposal shall be regarded as a new proposal and shall not be voted at such shareholders' general meeting.
- Rule 51 Any voting at the shareholders' general meeting shall be taken by way of poll of registered voters. The Bank shall announce the poll results in accordance with provision of relevant laws, rules and the Listing Rules.
- Rule 52 A voting by poll that is demanded for matters concerning the election of chairman or termination of the meeting shall be conducted immediately; for other matters, the chairman of the meeting shall decide when to conduct voting by poll and the meeting can continue to discuss other matters. The voting results shall still be deemed as a resolution adopted at such meeting.
- Rule 53 The same voting right shall only be exercised by attending meeting in person, through the internet or any one of the other voting methods. The vote cast first shall prevail if repeated voting occurs in relation to the same voting right.
- Rule 54 During the voting by poll, shareholders (including their proxies) with two or more voting rights do not necessarily use all their voting rights to vote for or against a proposal.
- Rule 55 Before the proposals are being voted at shareholders' general meeting, two shareholder representatives shall be elected to participate in vote counting and monitoring. If these shareholders are interested in the matters to be examined, the relevant shareholders or their proxies shall not participate in the vote counting or monitoring.

When the proposals are being voted at the shareholders' general meeting, lawyers, shareholders representatives and supervisors shall be jointly responsible for vote counting and securitization and announcing the voting results on the spot.

Shareholders or their proxies voting through the internet shall have the right to check their own votes cast through the relevant voting system.

Rule 56 The chairperson of the meeting shall decide whether the proposals have been passed according to the voting results and his/her decision shall be conclusive and shall announce the voting results at the meeting. The voting results on the proposals shall be recorded in the minutes.



- Rule 57 An on-site shareholders' general meeting shall not end earlier than the one held through internet (if applicable) or by other methods. The chairman of the meeting shall announce details and results of the voting on each proposal, and announce whether a proposal is passed according to the voting results. Before announcing the poll results officially, the Bank, the vote-counter, the voting scrutineer, our major shareholders and the internet service providers involved in the voting at the shareholders' general meeting, through the internet or other method shall assume confidentiality obligations.
- Rule 58 Shareholders present at the shareholders' general meeting shall give one of the following comments to the proposals put forward for voting: for, against or abstain.

If the voting slip has not been completed or has been completed incorrectly or that the writing is illegible or that the voting slip has not been cast, it shall be treated that the voter has renounced his/her voting rights and the voting results of the relevant number of shares held by him/her shall be counted as "abstain".

- Rule 59 If the chairperson of the meeting has any doubt on the poll results, he may arrange for vote counting. If the chairperson of the meeting does not arrange for vote counting and the shareholders or their proxies attending the meeting object to the results announced by the chairperson, they shall have the right to demand vote counting immediately after announcement of the voting results, and the chairperson of the meeting shall arrange for vote counting immediately.
- Rule 60 If counting of votes is held at a shareholders' general meeting, the result of the counting shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Minutes of meetings together with the signature book of the shareholders attending the meeting and proxy forms shall be kept at the registered office of the Bank.

- Rule 61 Shareholders can inspect copies of meeting minutes during office hours of the Bank free of charge. If any shareholder requests for copies of relevant meeting minutes, the Bank shall distribute the copies within 7 days after receiving a reasonable fee.
- Rule 62 At the time of convening the shareholders' general meeting, lawyers should be engaged to attend the shareholders' general meeting and issue legal opinion on the following and make an announcement:
  - (1) whether the convening of the shareholders' general meeting and the convening procedures comply with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles;
  - (2) whether the qualifications of the person(s) attending the meeting and the convenor are lawful and valid;
  - (3) whether the voting procedures and voting results of the shareholders' general meeting are lawful and valid;
  - (4) legal opinions issued on other matters as requested by the Bank.
- Rule 63 The resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting shall be announced in a timely manner. The announcement shall set out the number of shareholders and their proxies attending the meeting, the total number of voting shares held and the proportion to the total number of voting shares of the Bank, the voting method, voting results of each proposal and details of the proposals which have been passed.
- Rule 64 If a proposal is not passed or a resolution passed at the previous shareholders' general meeting is amended at such shareholders' general meeting, it shall be set out as a special reminder in the announcement on resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting.



## Chapter 6 Special Procedures for Voting by Shareholders of Different Classes

Rule 65 Shareholders holding different types of shares shall be shareholders of different classes.

Shareholders of different classes shall enjoy the rights and assume the obligations stipulated by the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.

- Rule 66 If the Bank intends to change or abrogate the rights of shareholders of different classes, it may do so only after such change or abrogation has been approved by way of a special resolution of the shareholders' general meeting and by a separate class meeting convened by the affected shareholders of that class in accordance with Rule 68 to Rule 72 hereof.
- Rule 67 Under the following circumstances, rights of shareholders of a certain class shall be deemed to have been changed or abrogated:
  - (1) an increase or decrease in the number of shares of such class or an increase or decease in the number of shares of a class having voting rights, distribution rights or other privileges equal or superior to those of the shares of such class, except the following circumstance: shareholders of domestic shares of the Bank referred to in Article 19 of the Articles transfer the shares held by them to overseas investors and such shares are listed and traded overseas;
  - (2) a re-classification of all or part of the shares of such class into the shares of another class, a conversion of all or part of the shares of another class into the shares of such class or the grant of a conversion right for such shares, except the circumstance as contemplated under Article 19 of the Articles when the shareholders of domestic shares of the Bank transfer their shares to overseas investors and that such shares are listed and traded overseas;
  - (3) cancellation or reduction of rights attached to such class of shares in relation to the accrued dividends or cumulative dividends;
  - (4) a reduction or cancellation of rights attached to such class of shares in relation to the priority to dividends or property distribution during liquidation of the Bank;
  - (5) increase, cancellation or reduction of share conversion rights, options, voting rights, transfer rights, pre-emptive rights to rights issues or rights to acquire securities of the Bank attached to that class of shares;
  - (6) cancellation or reduction of rights attached to the class of shares to receive amounts payable by the Bank in a specified currency;
  - (7) a creation of a new class of shares with voting rights, distribution rights or other privileges equal or superior to the shares of that class;
  - (8) an imposition of restrictions or additional restrictions on the transfer or ownership of shares of such class;
  - (9) issue of rights to subscribe for, or convert into, the shares of such class or another class;



- (10) an increase in the rights and privileges of the shares of another class;
- (11) the restructuring plan of the Bank may result in disproportionate liability to be borne by shareholders of different classes during the restructuring; and
- (12) an amendment to or abrogation of the terms stipulated in the rules.
- Rule 68 Shareholders of the affected class, whether they originally have voting right at shareholders' general meeting or not, shall enjoy voting rights at class meeting of shareholders upon occurrence of events contemplated under Rule 67 (2) to (8), (11) to (12). However, the interested shareholders shall not have voting rights at class meeting of shareholders.

Interested shareholders referred to in this Rule shall have the following meaning:

- (1) where the Bank has made a repurchase offer to all shareholders on a pro rata basis or made repurchase by means of an open offer at the stock exchange in accordance with Article 34 of the Articles of Association of the Bank, "interested shareholders" refer to the controlling shareholders defined in Article 67 of the Articles of Association of the Bank;
- (2) where the Bank has made repurchases by means of agreement off the stock exchange in accordance with Article 34 of the Articles of Association of the Bank, "interested shareholders" refer to the shareholders who are connected with that agreement; or
- (3) for the purpose of the Bank's restructuring plan, "interested shareholders" refer to those shareholders who assume less responsibilities than other shareholders of the same class or those shareholders who enjoy different rights and interests from other shareholders of the same class.
- Rule 69 Resolutions of class meeting of shareholders shall be made only after it is adopted through voting by more than two-thirds of voting shares represented by the shareholders present at the class meeting of shareholders according to Rule 68 hereof.
- Rule 70 For convening class meetings of shareholders, the Bank shall issue a written notice 45 days before the meeting is convened, informing all shareholders of that class of shares recorded in the register of the matters to be examined at the meeting and the meeting date and place. Shareholders attending the meeting shall send a written reply of attendance to the Bank 20 days before the meeting is convened.

The Bank shall convene a class meeting of shareholders when the voting shares represented by the shareholders to be present at the meeting reach more than one half of the total voting shares of that class at the meeting. Failing such number of voting shares, the Bank shall inform again the shareholders of the matters to be considered at the meeting, meeting date and place through public announcement within the next 5 days. The Bank may convene the class meeting of shareholders by issuing an announcement on newspapers in compliance with the relevant stipulations.

Rule 71 A notice of class meeting of shareholders only needs to be sent to those shareholders who have voting right at the meeting. Unless otherwise specified herein, the procedures to convene class meeting of shareholders shall resemble that of shareholders' general meeting as far as possible. Terms concerning the procedures to convene shareholders' general meeting shall be applicable to class meeting of shareholders.



Rule 72 Except shareholders of other classes of shares, shareholders of domestic shares and shareholders of overseas listed foreign shares shall be regarded as shareholders of different classes.

Special procedures listed below are not applicable to the voting by shareholders of different classes:

- (1) After approval at the shareholders' general meeting by special resolutions, the Bank issues domestic shares and overseas listed foreign shares at an interval of twelve months, whether separately or jointly, and the domestic shares and overseas listed foreign shares to be issued do not exceed 20% of the issued share capital of respective class of shares;
- (2) The plan to issue domestic shares and overseas listed foreign shares when the Bank was established was completed within fifteen months from the date of approval by the securities regulatory organ of the State Council;
- (3) Shareholders of domestic shares of the Bank transfer their shares to overseas investors and the shares are listed and traded overseas as referred to in Article 19 of the Articles of Association of the Bank.

## Chapter 7 Authorization to the Board of Directors by Shareholders' General Meeting

- Rule 73 The shareholders' general meeting may grant authorization to the Board of Directors by passing resolutions.
- Rule 74 Issues which require approval by shareholders' general meeting as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities of the jurisdictions in which the shares of the Bank are listed as well as the Articles shall be considered and resolved at the shareholders' general meeting in order to protect the decision right of the shareholders of the Bank. When considered necessary, reasonable and in compliance with relevant laws, any specific matters related to the foregoing issues which are unable or unnecessary to be decided immediately at the shareholders' general meeting may be decided by the Board of Directors upon authorization by the shareholders at the general meeting.

An authorization to the Board of Directors that falls into the scope of an ordinary resolution shall be approved by shareholders (including their proxies) representing more than one-half of the voting rights present at the meeting. An authorization to the Board of Directors that falls into the scope of a special resolution shall be approved by shareholders (including their proxies) representing more than two thirds of the voting rights present at the meeting. The contents of the authorization shall be clear, definite and specific.

Rule 75 When deciding on issues so authorized, the Board of Directors shall discuss and verify the matters thoroughly and may appoint intermediaries to provide advice, if necessary, to ensure scientific and reasonable decision-making on the matters.

The Board of Directors, in the course of decision-making, shall fulfil its obligation of information disclosure, under the supervision of the shareholders, the Board of Supervisors and relevant securities and banking regulatory authorities.



#### Chapter 8 Implementation of Resolutions of Shareholders' General Meeting

- Rule 76 The Board of Directors shall complete the distribution or conversion of cash or scrip dividends within two months after the date of shareholders' general meeting in which the resolution of distribution and conversion of capital reserve to share capital is passed.
- Rule 77 The Board of Directors shall submit specific progress reports to the shareholders' general meeting in respect of those resolutions passed at the previous shareholders' general meeting, the implementation of which is the responsibility of the Board of Directors. If such resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting cannot be executed due to certain reasons, the Board of Directors shall explain the reasons.

#### Chapter 9 Miscellaneous

- Rule 78 These Rules shall be implemented with effect from the date of the Articles upon the approval by a resolution at the shareholders' general meeting.
- Rule 79 It shall be the responsibility of the Board of Directors of the Bank to interpret these rules.